UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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KINOJUZ, I.P.,

11-CV-299 (DLI) (VVP) Plaintiff, :

: February 1, 2012

: Brooklyn, New York V.

IRP INTERNATIONAL, INC., :

et al.,

Defendant. ----X

> TRANSCRIPT OF CIVIL CAUSE FOR CONFERENCE BEFORE THE HONORABLE VIKTOR V. POHORELSKY UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff: GEORGE LAMBERT, ESQ.

PETER JOSEPH, ESQ.

For the Defendant: OULIAN DOUBININE, PRO SE

IGOR ERLIKH, PRO SE

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Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service

THE CLERK: Civil cause for oral argument, 11-CV-1 299, Kinojuz, I.P. v. IRP International, Inc., et al., the 2 3 Honorable Viktor Pohorelsky presiding. Counsel and pro se defendants, please state your 4 appearances for the record. 5 MR. LAMBERT: George Lambert for Kinojuz, the 6 7 plaintiff, acting pro hoc vice of this case, under the 8 supervision of my senior colleague, Peter Joseph. MR. JOSEPH: 9 Peter Joseph for the plaintiff, also. Igor Erlikh, defendant. 10 MR. ERLIKH: MR. DOUBININE: 11 Oulian Doubinine, defendant. 12 THE COURT: All right. We have a number of 13 motions pending that I have now had a chance to consider. Ι 14 don't believe that I need much in the way of additional 15 argument but I will let you know as we proceed, if I do. 16 The principal motion or I guess the motion that I 17 have to address first is the plaintiff's motion for a 18 default against the corporation. As I have told the 19 defendants in the past, the corporate defendant can only 20 appear in court represented by counsel. Counsel has not 21 appeared on behalf of IRP at any point, as far as I recall, and I don't believe there's counsel here. 22 I don't see 2.3 anyone here and I gather, Mr. Erlikh, you or Mr. Doubinine 24 were unable to retain counsel for IRP; is that correct? 25 MR. ERLIKH: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. Well, in the absence of counsel, a default must be entered by IRP. I'm going to direct the clerk of the Court to enter a default, which will then subject IRP International, Inc. to a default judgment. That brings me to the next motion, which the motion -- the defendants' motion to dismiss. I'm talking now about the individual defendants, Mr. Erlikh and Mr. Doubinine, their motion to dismiss or to compel arbitration.

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The motion to dismiss is premised in part on an assertion that the contract that is the subject of at least one of the claims in the complaint was not in fact signed by Mr. Doubinine, that his signature on the contract is forged. That creates a factual dispute. That's an issue of fact and cannot be decided at this stage of the proceedings. That can only be decided after discovery, either at a trial or on a motion for summary judgment. But as an initial motion to dismiss the complaint, based on the pleadings, which is essentially what this motion is, the Court is unable to grant a motion to dismiss the complaint.

In any event, that will only affect the claims based on the contract between Kinojuz and IRP International, Inc., and there are a number of other claims in the complaint that are not based on the contract. There are other forms of obtaining relief to achieve the remedy that the plaintiff is seeking, but they are not based on the

contract.

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The other basis for the motion was to compel arbitration, in the event that the contract did exist. That is, assuming that the Court were to determine that the contract upon which the plaintiffs are suing was a valid contract between IRP and Kinojuz, the disputes arising from that contractual relationship would have to be arbitrated, because there is a clause in that contract that says that disputes arising out of the contract or related to the contract would be arbitrated.

The problem with that argument is that the contract is between IRP and Kinojuz. There is no agreement between the plaintiff and the individual defendants to arbitrate anything. At least there's nothing in the record to indicate that there is. So there's no basis for compelling arbitration with respect to the disputes between the plaintiff and the individual defendants.

To put a finer point on this, the defendants themselves are not signers of the contract, as far as I read the record. The defendants themselves therefore cannot be sued under the contract. There may be other bases for suing the individual defendants, Mr. Erlikh and Mr. Doubinine, but the contract furnishes no basis for it because they didn't sign the contract. They may have signed the contract but to the extent that Mr. Doubinine is alleged to have signed the

contract, he signed the contract on behalf of IRP and not individually.

2.3

So the agreement is not, based on the record before the Court, between Kinojuz and Mr. Doubinine, it is between -- notwithstanding that he signed the contract, it is between Kinojuz and IRP. So there is -- the individual defendants who are here can't be sued under that contract but by the same token, they cannot rely on any of the provisions in that contract as a basis to compel arbitration between the parties. So there's no basis to grant the motion to dismiss.

So it's my recommendation to Judge Irizarry, to whom I think this case is assigned, that the motion to dismiss be denied for the reasons stated on the record.

We'll prepare a transcript of these rulings, by the way, and the parties will get a copy of the transcript. You will have the right to file objections with Judge Irizarry within fourteen days after you receive a copy of the transcript, if you wish to object to the rulings that are made by the Court today.

Let me try to explain this to Mr. Erlikh and Mr. Doubinine. There are two judges assigned to this case,

Judge Irizarry and myself. Judge Irizarry has overall

authority in the case. I have authority to decide matters

that don't dispose of the case. I don't have authority as a

final matter to decide motions to dismiss, but I have the authority to make a recommendation to her about such motions, and that is what I am doing now. I'm making a recommendation to her that the motion to dismiss made by the defendants be denied for the reasons that I've stated.

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But that's not a final decision on the motion;

Judge Irizarry still has to make a final decision based on my recommendation. And to the extent that the parties disagree with what I recommend, they are free to make objections to my recommendation. They need to do so in writing, within fourteen days after I -- after you receive a copy of the transcript of today's proceeding, in which these recommendations are made.

If you don't make a written objection to the recommendations -- a written objection does have to state with specificity what you are objecting to and why. But if you do not make written objections -- and this goes for all parties. If written objections are not filed within fourteen days after receiving the transcript, then you can be found to have given up any right to appeal any of the recommendations and any final order entered by Judge Irizarry based on my recommendations. That's the effect of the decision I'm just making with respect to the motions to dismiss. I'm denying the motion -- it's my recommendation that the motion to dismiss be denied and it's up to Judge

Irizarry to make a final order with respect to that.

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It is also my recommendation that IRP

International be found in default because they are not represented by counsel and in the absence of counsel, they are in default.

Now, there are -- the plaintiff made a motion to amend. As I read the motion, it was a motion that would essentially drop the contract claim and therefore avoid the need to go to arbitration. If this case -- if IRP still was in the case and hadn't defaulted, then there would be -- the motion to amend would probably have to be denied, at least to the extent that it tried to eliminate the contract claim. But I don't have to reach that issue in light of the fact that IRP International is no longer in a position to contest the case. Therefore, I don't know that there's any reason to grant the motion to amend or for a motion to amend to proceed.

I'll ask the plaintiff if I'm misunderstanding what you intended to do. You wanted to add some factual allegations, as I understand it, but you don't need to add factual allegations in order to be able to prove facts if there's a trial. The only other -- the way I understood it, the only other change was that you would drop the contract claim. Am I missing something?

MR. LAMBERT: Your Honor, you seized the essence

of the proposed amendment. Let me just add this: That
before we moved to amend, we received the banking documents
from J.P. Morgan Bank. Before that, we didn't have that
information. That evidence was highly relevant to this case
because it showed that defendants didn't have any intention
to comply with the alleged contract, that immediately upon
receipt of the funds, they started to dispense with the

THE COURT: Let me interrupt you.

MR. LAMBERT: Yes.

funds.

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THE COURT: You don't have to put in your pleading all the evidence that you have in support of your case. You are -- the only -- the pleading simply has to state the claims that you're making and a sufficient factual basis for making the claims. And if you have a sufficient factual basis in the unamended complaint, in the initial complaint, then you don't have to make an amended complaint, you don't have to file an amended complaint to add additional evidence because if that was required, we would be constantly amending complaints as discovery proceeded.

If the only purpose was to add the additional evidence that you already obtained, I don't know why there's a need to make an amended complaint. I mean, if that's the only purpose of amending the complaint --

MR. LAMBERT: Understood, your Honor.

THE COURT: -- and to drop the contract claim --MR. LAMBERT: Understood, your Honor. Obviously, whatever you -- your direction will be -- the most efficient way to get us to trial would be the best for the plaintiffs and hopefully, defendants also understand that. The case is simple enough. Defendants received \$200,000. apparently spent it within one month plus a couple of weeks. If your Honor considers that it would be unnecessary to amend, then definitely, the plaintiffs -- if that brings us closer to the trial, the plaintiffs would be grateful if that lifts one of the obstacles on the way to the trial. THE COURT: Well, that's -- it's your choice to make, whether you want to proceed with the motion to amend or not. If you do, understand that the amended complaint will only be valid against the individual defendants here, because IRP is as if they're not here. I don't know what -in any event, why you -- well, it's up to you how you want to proceed. You have to make the choice. I can't make it for you. But if you withdraw the motion to amend, you will obviously then proceed on the basis of the complaint that's now in the case, complete discovery, and then move to whatever the next phase of the case is. The choice is up to you as to whether to move to amend or not. Whether to withdraw your motion to amend, that's up to you.

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1 MR. LAMBERT: Whatever your guidance would be.

THE COURT: I can't give you guidance. That's the point I'm trying to make.

MR. LAMBERT: Okay.

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THE COURT: I'm not giving anyone guidance. I'm telling you what the options are. You have to make the decision. I tried to advise you of where -- what I'm trying to do is, I am trying to avoid unnecessary work for everybody. And if the motion to amend was made simply for the purpose of adding allegations of additional evidence and simply for the purpose of dropping the claim, neither of those, it seems to me, need to be done.

You don't need -- you don't have to put all your evidence in your complaint and dropping a breach of contract claim -- well, if you want to drop it, you can, because you have no claim against these two individuals for breach of contract. You do have a claim against IRP for breach of contract, on which you may still wish to get a default judgment. That's up to you. But right now, I need to know whether you want to proceed with your motion to amend or not, or if you want to take a few days to think about it and let me know in three or four days, we can do that, too, and consider how you want to proceed.

Right now, we don't have -- if you file a motion to amend and if the motion to amend is granted -- it may be,

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    I'm not saying it won't. If it is, then they're going to
    have additional time to answer and we're going to have to
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    wait to get the case moving, although we do have a motion to
    compel some discovery so far. But until the motion to amend
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    is decided, I'm not going to -- I'll decide the motion to
    compel that's now before me but I'm not going to -- we'll
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 7
    have to wait until we have all the claims before we proceed
    with other discovery.
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              MR. LAMBERT:
                            I had a word with co-counsel and we
    submit to your Honor that we are withdrawing the motion to
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    amend without prejudice.
              THE COURT: You're ready to proceed on the initial
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13
    complaint.
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              MR. LAMBERT:
                            Yes.
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              THE COURT:
                         Okay.
              MR. LAMBERT: Without prejudice.
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17
              THE COURT:
                         Well, there's nothing that's done --
    there's no ruling on the motion. So if you withdraw the
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19
    motion, it's not -- there's no prejudice to making the
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    motion to amend in the future, if you wish.
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              Let me finally turn to the motion to compel.
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    First, with respect to Mr. Doubinine, Mr. Doubinine did
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    answer the request, as I understand it. He made the
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    assertion that it was beyond his power to do certain things
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    or the documents were not within his possession, not within
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his control. At this point, I have no basis to find otherwise. I don't have anything -- I don't have any evidence that he actually has them in his control, so I can't compel Mr. Doubinine to produce documents that he says he doesn't have.

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To the extent that -- you can certainly pursue with Mr. Doubinine, in depositions if you wish to do that, what if any documents he ever had, where they might be and that sort of thing. At this point, I have no basis to deny or to compel Mr. Doubinine to produce documents that he says he doesn't have. I don't have any proof that he does have them.

Now, I think that there was an argument that he had control over a bank account, but it was my understanding you already have the documents from the bank account, so that an order that he provide you -- I don't know if there's anything -- I mean, you've already gotten the documents, I guess is what I'm saying, so that I don't know if there's any point in compelling anything further to be done.

MR. LAMBERT: The documents produced by the bank show that there were a couple of other accounts where the money was actually transferred. We don't know what happened to that money, to those portions of the money which went to sister accounts under the control of Mr. Erlikh.

THE COURT: Do you know if they are -- you know

1 they are Mr. Erlikh's accounts? It shows on the subpoenaed documents 2 MR. LAMBERT: 3 that they are. Those are related accounts. bank's designation of related account. 4 5 THE COURT: Okay. I don't know exactly what that means but -- these are Mr. Erlikh's accounts as opposed to 6 7 Mr. Doubinine's accounts, in any event. MR. LAMBERT: My take is, that's Mr. Erlikh's 8 personal account where he put that money. 9 10 THE COURT: Okay. So let me turn to -- just as a 11 final ruling, I'm denying the motion to compel with respect to Mr. Doubinine, as I don't have a basis, as a factual 12 13 matter, to compel him to produce anything that is shown to 14 be in his custody or control, other than perhaps the bank 15 statements, but you already have that. So I don't know if 16 there's any point in my -- there's nothing that -- what I'm 17 saying is, I suppose I could have him sign a release that says that the bank could turn it over to you, but it's 18 19 already turned it over to you. 20 Just two questions to Mr. Erlikh. MR. LAMBERT: 21 THE COURT: Not Mr. Erlikh. I'm going to deal 22 with Mr. Erlikh in a moment. I apologize. 2.3 MR. LAMBERT: Yes. 24 Right now, talk to me and I'll --THE COURT: 25 MR. LAMBERT: Yes.

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THE COURT: -- put the questions to Mr. Doubinine.
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              MR. LAMBERT: Yes.
                                  The issues regarding his
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 3
    receiving the money. There was one check --
              THE COURT: Mr. Doubinine receiving the money?
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              MR. LAMBERT: Mr. Doubinine received a check for
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    $15,000.
             We want to know where that money went.
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              THE COURT: Well, you can certainly have a
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    deposition of him. You can serve interrogatories on him, to
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    ask him those questions. That's for later discovery.
    You're certainly free to pursue anything that you've learned
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11
    already.
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              MR. LAMBERT:
                            Okay.
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              THE COURT:
                         Okay. Let me turn to Mr. Erlikh.
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    Erlikh did not provide responses, on the grounds that he was
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    waiting on an attorney. There's not going to be an
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    attorney, so it's time to provide responses to the document
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    requests that were served on you.
              MR. ERLIKH: What kind of documents, your Honor?
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              THE COURT: I'm sorry?
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              MR. ERLIKH: What kind of documents you're talking
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    about?
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              THE COURT: He gave you -- he served a list of
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    document requests. I had copies of them and there are
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    copies in the papers that were filed in court.
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              MR. ERLIKH:
                           I think we give them answers.
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think you have -- I mean, all answers which were --
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              THE COURT: I don't recall seeing any answers.
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              Did you get answers to --
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              MR. ERLIKH: I mean, including the bank records,
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 5
    whatever he already received.
                         No. You have to give a written
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              THE COURT:
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    response to the document requests. You have to say in
    writing, item by item, whether you possess documents, and if
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    so, whether you're going to produce them. I did not -- as a
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    matter of fact, I saw your response. Your response to the
    document requests -- actually, it's a response to the
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    motion. I think you may not have given any written
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    responses to the document requests at all.
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              MR. ERLIKH: Definitely, we have responded to the
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    motion.
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              THE COURT: Your response to the motion does have
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    an Exhibit A, and there are some documents which are -- I
    don't really understand what they are because they're mostly
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19
    in foreign languages.
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              MR. ERLIKH: All of them translate, your Honor.
21
              THE COURT: In any event, your response to the
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    motion for the production of discovery was essentially an
    argument that -- you opposed the motion and then you said
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    that until you had appointment of counsel, it would not
    serve the interests of justice to require you to gather and
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submit discovery material or to proceed in the civil action
in any other capacity, I guess. So you have to now respond
in writing and produce the documents requested, unless you
think there's a basis to object to producing the documents
in question that they've asked for.

Did you serve only document requests? You didn't

Did you serve only document requests? You didn't serve interrogatories, right? It's just document requests.

MR. LAMBERT: Just document requests.

THE COURT: So you have to basically, as Mr.

Doubinine did -- I don't know if you saw Mr. Doubinine's response but he went one by one and he said, I don't have these documents, they're not in my control, or he said, I have some documents and here they are. That's what you have to do and you have to do that within thirty days, in writing, send it over to the defendants, okay? I mean to the plaintiff. Do you understand what I'm saying?

MR. ERLIKH: Yes, your Honor, I really -- I truly understand what you say. I don't remember exactly what kind of answer on the documents, but definitely something was answered because briefly, which I'm reading now, here, some questions which is not applicable to me.

THE COURT: If you can show me, Mr. Erlikh -- if you can show me that you have given a written response to them, then I'll take a look at the response. But if you haven't, and I haven't seen it --

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No, your Honor, okay, you're right,
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              MR. ERLIKH:
    maybe not. But everything which we send to them, we submit
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    to the Court.
              THE COURT: I don't want to get it.
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              MR. ERLIKH: Okay.
                          I don't want to get it, they need to
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              THE COURT:
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    get it. As a matter of fact, it's important that everybody
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    understand that you're not to file the discovery materials
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    with the Court. Don't file -- to the extent that you have
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    documents in your possession that are called for by their
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    requests, don't give those to the Court, give them only to
    the other side.
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13
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           Okay.
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              THE COURT:
                          They are not to be filed, because we
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    have too much paper as it is. It's only if -- if it turns
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    out that there's a dispute about something, maybe I'll look
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    at some of the documents, and I'll make a decision about
    whether any of them have to be filed, but don't file papers
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    with the Court.
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20
              And your written responses to his document
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    requests, don't file those with the Court, either. Just
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    send your written responses to Mr. Joseph or Mr. Lambert,
    either one of them, by thirty days from today.
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              MR. ERLIKH: I'm sorry, I can take this?
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MR. LAMBERT: Yes, that's a duplicate.

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MR. ERLIKH: Thank you.
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay. Now --
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              MR. ERLIKH:
                           When you give me a chance, your
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    Honor, I would like to say something.
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
              MR. ERLIKH: After you finish whatever is --
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              THE COURT: Okay, I'll give you a chance in just a
    moment.
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              MR. ERLIKH:
                           Thank you.
              THE COURT: Let me find out -- I think that
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    disposes of all the motions that are pending before me.
                                                              Oh,
    there was a motion for leave to file a transcript by the
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    plaintiff. You don't need to file it. You don't need to
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    make such a motion. I think the transcript, as a matter of
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    fact, has already been docketed. You don't need to make
    such a motion.
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17
              If you have a -- if you've asked for a transcript,
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    then typically, it's going to be filed automatically,
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    although for a period of time, it's not available to people
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    who haven't paid for it. That's typically the way it
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    operates. But if you've ordered a transcript, it typically
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    is filed under seal, available only to those who have paid
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    for it, okay? So the motion is going to be terminated
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    because it's no longer necessary.
              Do you -- I'm talking to the plaintiffs now.
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you intend to take depositions or to file any other -- or to
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    submit any other discovery requests to the defendants?
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              MR. LAMBERT: Yes, your Honor, that would be very
    beneficial to us. We have questions about what the
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 5
    defendants did with the money.
              THE COURT: So which do you intend to do,
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    depositions?
              MR. LAMBERT: Depositions.
              THE COURT: Okay, I will explain to the defendants
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    what that is.
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              The plaintiff is entitled to conduct interviews --
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    it's like testimony in court, essentially, except there's no
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    judge present. But there is a court reporter present, who
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    records both the questions that are asked and the answers
    that are given by the witness, and it's called a deposition.
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    They have the right to conduct a deposition of each of you.
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    You can attend each other's deposition. Depositions
    ordinarily will take place in -- you can attend but you're
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    not entitled to interfere or interrupt, but you're entitled
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    to appear.
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              In fact, you're entitled, once the plaintiffs have
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    finished -- the plaintiff has finished asking questions of a
    witness, you're entitled to ask questions of the same
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    witness. You don't have to but you can.
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I mean, the same witness of the

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MR. ERLIKH:

plaintiff's side.

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THE COURT: I call it a witness. For instance, the plaintiff may -- and they say they will want to take a deposition of each of you. So each of you will be a witness at your deposition. At the deposition of Mr. Erlikh -- let's hypothetically assume that you're at the deposition of Mr. Erlikh. Mr. Doubinine can attend that deposition and once the plaintiff has completed its questioning of Mr. Erlikh, Mr. Doubinine could ask questions, too. He doesn't have to and in fact, defendants often do not ask question of each other, but he has that right if he wants to, and vice versa. That is, at Mr. Doubinine's deposition, if you want to ask questions of him, you may do so as well.

The deposition has to be -- the witness is testifying under oath, just as if he was in court, and so is subject to the penalty of perjury if he lies. They will seek to conduct such a deposition. They have the right to do that. They can pick the location, as long as it's not terribly inconvenient to you. They can pick the location. It can be in Mr. Lambert's office or -- not Mr. Lambert's, Mr. Joseph's office. They can't require you to go to Washington, which is I think where Mr. Lambert has his office. You don't have to go there. But if it's somewhere in the New York City area and it's reasonably convenient, you have to go to where they ask you to go and appear at the

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time that they ask you to appear.
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              Often in these situations, there's an agreement;
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    can you make it, what's convenient? So you should discuss
    that, so you can do it in a fashion that's not -- that
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    doesn't make it more difficult than it has to be, okay?
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              MR. ERLIKH: Your Honor, can we have the
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 7
    deposition, also?
              THE COURT: You can take the deposition of the
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 9
    plaintiff as well.
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              MR. ERLIKH: Yes.
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              THE COURT:
                         But you have to --
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              MR. ERLIKH:
                           I would like to arrange that at the
13
    same time, if it's possible.
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              THE COURT:
                          That's not always possible but --
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              MR. ERLIKH: Or be close to the moment of
    deposition that we can have deposition with Mr. Joseph.
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              THE COURT: You can but --
              MR. ERLIKH: So at least to be in one week, two
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19
    week together. Not together, I mean we finish our
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    deposition, we would like to start deposition of him.
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              THE COURT: All right.
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              MR. ERLIKH: In United States, of course.
              THE COURT: You are entitled to have a deposition
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    of the plaintiff. It's a little trickier when the plaintiff
    is a corporation but you can -- I'm going to ask you to talk
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to the pro se clerks downstairs, the pro se clerks --
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              MR. ERLIKH: Okay.
 2
              THE COURT: -- about how you can go about
 3
    arranging that deposition, because for a corporation like
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    Kinojuz -- I think Kinojuz is a corporation, is that right?
 5
    It's not an individual, it's a person -- I mean, it's a
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 7
    company, it's an entity.
              MR. LAMBERT: It would be a rough equivalent of
 8
    LLC here.
 9
                         Okay. So you have to identify in
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              THE COURT:
    writing what subjects you want the company to provide a
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    witness from the company to testify about. You have to
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13
    identify the subjects.
14
              MR. ERLIKH: Understanding it's company, it's one
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    man.
              THE COURT: Well, if it's the owner of the
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17
    company --
              MR. ERLIKH: It's him and his company.
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19
              THE COURT: Let me finish, please.
                                                  If it's the
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    owner or the chief executive officer, you can require him to
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    appear on behalf of the corporation. You can require a high
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    officer, the owner -- you can require them to appear and
    testify on behalf of the corporation.
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              MR. ERLIKH: Excuse me, your Honor. How I have to
    submit that, letter motion or what?
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THE COURT: That's why I'm telling you -- it's not
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    a motion to me.
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 3
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           Okay.
              THE COURT: You have to -- let me ask the
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    plaintiff, do you have a person in mind? Do you have
    somebody in mind that you want to depose?
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 7
              MR. ERLIKH: No, just Mr. Zhurabek, of course.
              THE COURT: I don't know who that is.
 8
              MR. ERLIKH: President or chairman, whatever it
 9
    is, of Kinojuz, owner or how --
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                         You don't know what his name is.
11
              THE COURT:
12
              MR. ERLIKH: Mr. Zhurabek Musabayev.
                                                    I know him
13
    personally.
14
              THE COURT:
                         Musabayev, Mr. Musabayev.
15
              MR. ERLIKH: Yeah, Musabayev, yes, of course.
16
              THE COURT:
                         Okay. So Mr. Musabayev. Does he
17
    reside in the United States?
              MR. LAMBERT: He is in Kazakhstan but the last
18
19
    time we discussed, he would be coming to the United States,
20
    to New York, to be deposed.
21
              THE COURT: Okay. So sometime when he's traveling
22
    in the United States -- is that sometime in the next several
2.3
    months?
24
              MR. LAMBERT: Yes, your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: Okay, good. So the next time he's in
```

```
the United States, you should conduct the depositions of
1
    everybody.
 2
              MR. ERLIKH: Yes, that's what I would like.
 3
              THE COURT:
                          They don't all have to be on the same
 4
 5
    date. You do have to pay for a court reporter to appear.
              MR. ERLIKH: Well, if we have to pay, we will pay.
 6
 7
              THE COURT:
                         Okay, so you -- and the pro se clerks
    can help you in that process, you know, finding a court
 8
 9
    reporting service. And if you don't have a place to conduct
    the deposition, you can conduct it here in the courthouse.
10
11
    Again, let the pro se clerks know. Talk to them.
12
              MR. ERLIKH: Yes, I will.
13
              THE COURT: You've talked to them before, have you
14
    not?
15
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           Well, when I submitted the motions,
16
    but I never asked that question. I will address this right
17
    now, as soon as we finish.
18
              THE COURT: The pro se clerks are there to assist
19
    you in dealing with procedural matters, so you should feel
20
    free to ask them about how to arrange for the deposition.
21
    You should be in touch with Mr. Joseph or Mr. Lambert and
22
    coordinate the dates and talk to the pro se office about how
2.3
    to arrange for a court reporter to appear where you need
24
    that person to appear on the dates in question, and they can
25
    help you.
```

```
MR. ERLIKH: Very good, your Honor. After we
1
    finish, we will exchange the telephone -- I think we have
 2
 3
    telephone for Mr. Joseph. And we will organize this
    wherever it's convenient for both of us.
 4
 5
              THE COURT:
                          There was something else that you
 6
    wanted to say.
 7
              MR. ERLIKH: Yes, your Honor. I would like address
 8
    from the beginning but you already --
 9
              THE COURT:
                          I'm sorry?
10
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           I said, I would like to addressing
11
    (sic) from the beginning but when you already denied our
12
    motion to compel to arbitration or to dismiss, then I don't
13
    know what you say. But I still would like to address it,
14
    your Honor, because we was charged -- I have complaint for
15
    breach of contract. On your table, you have two contracts.
16
    One is a forged contract, second is original contract.
17
              THE COURT: I'm not sure I'm following what you
18
    say.
         Second is an original?
19
              MR. ERLIKH: It's two contracts. One is original,
20
    which was signed by Mr. Doubinine, and one contract in which
21
    we have a complaint, all right, which was complaint against
22
    us, which we say this signature is forged.
2.3
                         Okay, let me just stop for a moment.
              THE COURT:
24
    Stop for a moment. You're saying there was another document
25
    that is a contract.
```

```
MR. ERLIKH: Of course. We submit, your Honor.
1
              THE COURT:
                                 There was some suggestion of
 2
                          Okay.
 3
    that in your argument on the motion. But that contract was
    signed -- was between IRP and Kinojuz, right?
 4
 5
              MR. ERLIKH: Right.
              THE COURT:
 6
                          Okay.
 7
              MR. ERLIKH: By Mr. Doubinine and Mr. Musabayev,
    on behalf.
 8
 9
              THE COURT:
                          I understand. But, again, IRP is in
    default because IRP doesn't have an attorney.
10
11
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           Okay.
12
              THE COURT: So you cannot assert IRP's rights.
13
    That contract is basically irrelevant to the remaining part
14
    of this dispute, because the contract was between IRP and
15
    Kinojuz. That's why I tried to explain at the outset and
16
    it's in the transcript, and you'll get a chance -- you'll
17
    read the transcript once it's prepared. But the bottom line
18
    is this:
              They cannot sue you for the obligations in the
19
    contract. In other words, the contract -- they don't have a
20
    right to have you --
21
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           I understand, your Honor.
22
                          This is a little complicated because
              THE COURT:
2.3
    it's not -- one of their claims is that ultimately, you and
24
    Mr. Doubinine may be liable for the obligations of IRP, but
25
    it's not because of the contract -- because of a contract
```

```
1
    between you and Kinojuz. That's sort of a separate and
    complicated issue.
 2
              The only -- the only one who can assert rights
 3
    under the contract is IRP. You cannot, because you are not
 4
 5
    IRP. IRP is somebody separate, and you cannot assert IRP's
    rights. Mr. Doubinine cannot assert IRP's rights. So the
 6
 7
    contract that you may have, that you say you have is a
    contract between IRP and Kinojuz, not between you and
 9
    Kinojuz. Do you follow me so far?
10
              MR. ERLIKH: I follow you 100%, your Honor.
11
              THE COURT: Okay, now --
12
              MR. ERLIKH: But --
13
              THE COURT: -- because that's the case, nothing
14
    about what's in that contract will be part of the rest of
15
    this case. In other words, the terms and provisions of that
    contract don't affect -- I guess I'm overstating this
16
17
    because --
18
              MR. ERLIKH: Your Honor, I really understand
19
    clearly what you say, but there was a complaint. That's why
20
    we sitting in this courtroom.
21
              THE COURT: No, that's not the only reason.
22
    not the only reason.
2.3
              MR. ERLIKH: Mr. Lambert said it's very simple.
24
    The money was sent but first of all, it was complaint from
```

that side -- I mean it's not from -- I mean Mr. Lambert.

25

```
I'm talking about from the plaintiff's side.
1
              THE COURT:
                           I understand.
 2
              MR. ERLIKH: Money was sent against the contract
 3
    to produce the movie.
 4
 5
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
                            They said is breach of contract.
 6
              MR. ERLIKH:
                                                               We
 7
    have enough proof we didn't breach the contract.
 8
              THE COURT: Right now, the way things stand right
 9
    now, the claims in this complaint are not under the
    contract. They're for other things.
10
11
              MR. ERLIKH:
                            Okay.
                         They're related -- they're related to
12
              THE COURT:
13
    the fact that money was sent to you or they claim money was
14
    sent to you, and they claim the money was sent to you
15
    because of the contract, but the contract and the terms of
16
    the contract are not the basis on which they are seeking to
17
    obtain the money back from you. They're saying there are
    other claims that can be made.
18
              MR. ERLIKH: So what kind of claim is this they
19
20
    make?
21
              THE COURT:
                           They're in the complaint.
22
              MR. ERLIKH:
                            Okay.
                           There are claims for conversion, for
2.3
              THE COURT:
24
    money had and received, for fraud, for misrepresentations.
                            Wonderful.
25
              MR. ERLIKH:
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```
THE COURT: Breach of fiduciary duties. I don't
1
    know if any of them will be successful but those are all
 2
 3
    claims that are separate from the contract.
              MR. ERLIKH: Well, you're right, your Honor, I'm
 4
 5
    not a lawyer.
              THE COURT: You need a lawyer because I can't
 6
 7
    spend my whole day trying to educate you.
 8
              MR. ERLIKH: No, no, you don't have to spend your
 9
    time. But one year exactly -- I mean now. We tried defend
    and tried bring the proof, which the plaintiff's side --
10
11
    it's made certain time of forgery. Now, we are talking
12
    completely different because the IRP are in default, then we
13
    cannot go with the contract, which is base of the money
14
    which arrive, and it's black and white. They showed the
15
    proof of our full innocence. Now, now --
16
              THE COURT: All of this right now --
17
              MR. ERLIKH: I mean from now, we have to defend
18
    something else.
19
              THE COURT: Okay, you're right, you have to defend
20
    something a little bit different than what it was.
              MR. ERLIKH: Okay, we will. We also still have
21
22
    enough proof, your Honor, for something different.
2.3
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
24
                           I would like your permission because,
              MR. ERLIKH:
25
    you know, now, everything which was done before -- so we
```

```
have to put in the garbage. Even affidavit from Mr.
1
    Musabayev lying over here -- I mean, I just mark it here.
 2
    So now, all this evidence --
              THE COURT: I don't know.
 4
 5
              MR. ERLIKH: -- means nothing anymore.
              THE COURT: No, I'm not saying that. I don't know
 6
 7
           I don't know what evidence will be relevant at a
    trial or not. I'm not making that decision now.
              MR. ERLIKH: I'm glad to go to the trial, believe
 9
10
    me.
11
              THE COURT: Okay.
12
              MR. ERLIKH: We are ready.
13
              THE COURT: Okay, well --
14
              MR. ERLIKH: We are ready.
15
              THE COURT:
                         Mr. Erlikh, please. Before you get to
16
    a trial, we're going to have these depositions.
17
              MR. ERLIKH: Okay.
              THE COURT: I'm going to ask you to complete these
18
19
    depositions --
20
              MR. ERLIKH: Wonderful.
21
              THE COURT: -- by -- is there any reason they
22
    can't be done by the end of March?
2.3
              MR. LAMBERT: No reason that I know of.
24
              THE COURT: When is Mr. Musabayev coming?
25
    going to be in February?
```

```
MR. LAMBERT: I'll pass to him report tonight and
1
    I'll get to know when he's available.
 2
              THE COURT:
                         Because Mr. Erlikh has -- I gave him
 3
    thirty days to respond to the document requests.
                                                       I think I
 4
 5
    need to shorten that time. If you want to hurry up and get
    this resolved, let me give you 21 days to respond to those
 6
 7
    requests, okay?
 8
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           I don't know which to respond but I
 9
    will try do my best.
10
              THE COURT: You have to respond in writing,
11
    saying --
              MR. ERLIKH: Your Honor --
12
13
              THE COURT: Let me finish.
14
              MR. ERLIKH:
                          Okay.
15
              THE COURT:
                          Mr. Erlikh, I'm trying to explain this
16
    to you, so listen to me. You have to respond in writing,
17
    one by one. There's document request number one.
              I think they're numbered, are they not, Mr.
18
19
    Lambert?
             Are they numbered?
20
              MR. LAMBERT:
                            They are numbered, yes.
21
              THE COURT:
                         So document request number one, you
    put a heading, document request number one and underneath
22
2.3
    that, you say, I will produce all the documents that you've
24
    asked for, or you can say, I have no documents of these type
    that you've asked for, or you can say, I have these
25
```

```
1
    documents but I don't think you're entitled to them and I'm
    not going to give them to you. So you have three options:
 2
    I'll give you all of them -- you have four options: You can
    say, I'll give you all of them, I'll give you some of them
 4
 5
    but I'm not going to give you all of them, I don't have any
    of them, or I object to giving you any of them. Do you
 6
 7
    follow me?
              MR. ERLIKH: I follow your Honor.
                         Okay, so that's the four options, and
 9
              THE COURT:
    you need to do that one at a time for each of the document
10
11
    requests.
12
              MR. ERLIKH: But here, it's --
13
                         You do that in writing and you send
              THE COURT:
14
    that document back to Mr. Lambert or Mr. Joseph. And to the
15
    extent that you are giving him documents, you can either
16
    make copies and give them to him or you can say, I'll bring
17
    them to your office and you can make copies of them at your
18
    office. You have to make them available to copy or you can
19
    copy them and give them copies, and then you don't have to
20
    go to his office and let him copy them. Do you understand?
21
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           Yes, sir.
22
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
2.3
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           Yeah, but here --
              THE COURT:
                          You need to do that within 21 days.
24
```

Okay, your Honor. But here, most of

25

MR. ERLIKH:

```
the documents they require, it's from the contract. So if
1
    now, contract not exist --
 2
              THE COURT: Forget the contract now. Forget the
 3
    contract. Just answer the document requests. You think
 4
 5
    it's from the contract. It may have some relationship to
    the contract. I daresay everything has some relationship to
 6
 7
    that contract. It doesn't matter what it does or doesn't.
    If you think that you -- just answer the document requests.
 9
    Don't try to figure out what it relates to at this point,
10
    okay?
              You're entitled -- right now, let me frame it to
11
12
    you this way, Mr. Erlikh: The way this case is developing,
13
    it's a broad -- it's kind of a broad inquiry into whether or
14
    not the plaintiff gave you and/or Mr. Doubinine money.
15
              MR. ERLIKH: Fine.
16
              THE COURT: And whether or not you misused or in
17
    some way committed fraud with respect to that money.
              MR. ERLIKH: No, your Honor. We will have proof
18
    for that.
19
20
                          You're denying it. I'm just saying --
              THE COURT:
21
                           I'm not denying, I'm just proving it,
              MR. ERLIKH:
22
    okay?
                          Mr. Erlikh, let me finish.
2.3
              THE COURT:
24
              MR. ERLIKH: I'm sorry.
                          I'm trying to explain to you so you --
25
              THE COURT:
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```
that's what this case is about. It's about money that they
1
    say they gave to you and about how they claim you mishandled
 2
    the money. Now, you can dispute that and you obviously do,
    but that's what this case is about, okay? It's as simple as
 4
 5
    that, but it's the whole relationship. Whether it was
    because of a contract or because there were other things
 6
 7
    that happened, you know, at this point, you should just sort
    of not worry about the contract, whether it's involved or
 9
    not involved. You're not a party to the contract.
10
              IRP is a party to the contract, so they cannot
11
    claim that you had any obligations. They can't point to the
12
    contract and say, Mr. Erlikh, you were supposed to do this.
13
    They can only say IRP was supposed to do this.
14
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           That's true, your Honor.
15
              THE COURT:
                         Do you follow what I'm saying?
16
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           I mean, I'm agree with you.
17
              THE COURT:
                         Okay.
              MR. ERLIKH: But this is wrong from that side.
18
19
                         But they can also claim, and they will
              THE COURT:
20
    be claiming apparently, that because you controlled IRP --
21
    I'm not saying you did.
22
              MR. ERLIKH: Okay.
2.3
              THE COURT: -- you arranged it so that IRP gave
24
    you the money, and you weren't entitled to that money
    personally, right?
25
```

```
1
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           Okay.
                          And that's separate from the contract,
 2
              THE COURT:
 3
    you know, because then it's the relationship between you and
          I'm going to have a hard time explaining it.
 4
              MR. ERLIKH: Your Honor, I really understood.
 5
              THE COURT:
 6
                          Okay.
 7
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           I agree with you but --
              THE COURT: What I'm saying --
 8
              MR. ERLIKH: -- this is part of our defense.
 9
                          Okay, that's fine.
10
              THE COURT:
              MR. ERLIKH: And this is the truth.
11
12
              THE COURT: You'll get a chance to put on your
13
    defense, once there's a trial.
14
              MR. ERLIKH:
                           Okay.
15
              THE COURT:
                         You'll have a chance to do that.
16
    Right now, you need --
17
              MR. ERLIKH: We put contract for our defense.
18
              THE COURT:
                          They're going to try to arrange with
19
    you some defendants. Mr. Lambert is going to find out when
20
    Mr. Musabayev is coming to the country. You'll arrange --
21
              MR. ERLIKH: We'll do it together.
22
              THE COURT: -- to take those depositions at around
    the same time, so that -- because I think that is a
23
24
    productive way to do it, and who knows?
                                              If you're all
25
    together in the same place at the same time, you might find
```

some way to resolve this short of having to have a trial. 1 And I urge you to think about that as well. Okay --2 MR. ERLIKH: Maybe, your Honor. THE COURT: If there's nothing else today, I'm 4 5 going to schedule another conference with you for early April, after, I hope, the discovery is completed. Does that 6 7 make sense to you? MR. LAMBERT: THE COURT: So April 4th, how's that? 9 MR. ERLIKH: I don't know. Because I have no 10 11 lawyer, it's all my life, and I would like to have a trial 12 maybe fast, because I have to make my living. I just spend 13 every month, you know -- I mean, I really cannot do this, 14 your Honor. Okay, then I have to be here in April. 15 THE COURT: I'm willing, within limits, to make this convenient for you but -- I mean, if you're going to be 16 17 gone in the first couple weeks of April, we can do it a little later in April. We don't have to do it the first 18 19 week of April. Were you planning to be away? 20 Your Honor, honestly, I really don't MR. ERLIKH: 21 I can be away tomorrow. You know, the last time I was away, my father-in-law died. So instead of be overseas 22 2.3 to work, I come back and already two months, I couldn't move 24 because funeral, all these things which was necessary. 25 we are wasting time because --

```
THE COURT: I don't have any control over that, as
1
    you know.
 2
              MR. ERLIKH: No, of course, nobody can control
 3
    God, fortunately. I just really feel my understanding
 4
 5
    because when we receive complaint against us, that means it
    have to be proved. The plaintiff's side didn't bring one
 6
 7
    single proof which money was fraud, stolen.
              THE COURT: This is not the time for the proof.
 8
    When there's a trial, then everybody puts their proof in.
 9
    Right now, we're just gathering the proof. So I'm proposing
10
    that we get together on April 4<sup>th</sup> at 11:00 a.m.
11
                                                     Is that a
    good time or would you prefer in the afternoon?
12
13
              MR. LAMBERT: If possible, your Honor, afternoon
14
    would be much better because of the traveling arrangements
15
    for myself.
              THE COURT:
16
                           I see.
17
              How about on your side, Mr. Erlikh, Mr. Doubinine?
    Is the afternoon okay? 3:00, 4:00?
18
19
              MR. ERLIKH: We will try and make favor for
20
    plaintiff because for them, it's hard to come.
                                                     So we can do
21
    afternoon, too.
22
              THE COURT: Let me ask you this: Is 12:00 noon --
23
    that accommodates your --
24
              MR. ERLIKH: Whatever convenient for Mr. Lambert.
              MR. LAMBERT: That early, I could make, probably.
25
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```
THE COURT: Look, I don't know, guys. I'm not
1
2
    trying to be difficult for anybody. Do you prefer having it
3
    in the morning? Is that what you're saying?
              MR. ERLIKH: It's okay, whatever is convenient.
4
    For me, it's fine.
5
              THE COURT: Then I'm going to make it 3:00 in the
6
7
    afternoon.
              MR. LAMBERT: All right.
8
 9
              THE COURT: I'll talk to you then, thank you.
10
              MR. ERLIKH: It's close -- it's easy to the end of
11
    the day.
12
              MR. LAMBERT: Thank you, your Honor.
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
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17	
18	I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript
19	from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in
20	the above-entitled matter.
21	
22	
23	Smo_
24	
25	ELIZABETH BARRON February 13, 2012